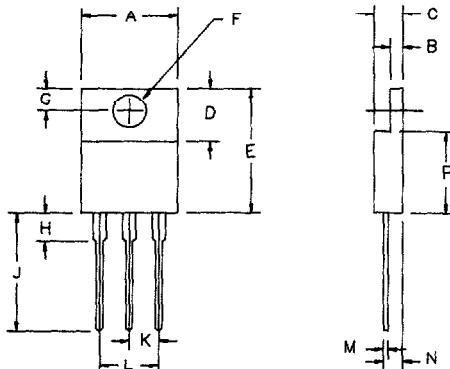


20 Amp Schottky Barrier Rectifiers

FST2050 — FST2060



Dim.	Inches		Millimeter		Notes
	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	
A	.390	.415	9.90	10.5	
B	.050	.055	1.27	1.40	
C	.180	.185	4.57	4.70	
D	.248	.260	6.30	6.60	
E	.590	.605	14.98	15.40	
F	.145	.150	3.68	3.81	Diag.
G	.108	.120	2.74	3.05	
H	.163	.170	4.14	4.32	
J	.540	.570	13.72	14.5	
K	.087	.091	2.20	2.31	
L	.200	.205	5.08	5.21	
M	.021	.025	.533	.635	
N	.125	.140	3.18	3.56	
P	.335	.342	8.50	8.69	

Microsemi Catalog Number

Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage

Transient Peak Reverse Voltage

FST2050
FST2060

50V

60V

50V

60V

- Schottky barrier rectifier
- Guard ring for reverse protection
- Low power loss, high efficiency
- High surge capacity
- V_{RRM} 50 to 60 Volts

Electrical Characteristics

Average Forward Current per pkg.
Average Forward Current per leg
Maximum Surge Current per leg
Max. Peak Forward Voltage per leg
Max. Peak Forward Voltage per leg
Max. Peak Reverse Current per leg
Max. Peak Reverse Current per leg
Typical Junction Capacitance

$I_F(AV)$ 20 Amps
 $I_F(AV)$ 10 Amps
 V_{FSM} 500 Volts
 V_{FM} .53 Volts
 V_{FM} .67 Volts
 I_{RM} 10 mA
 I_{RM} 500 μ A
 C_J 570 pF

$T_C = 137^\circ C$, Square wave, $R_{\theta JC} = 2.8^\circ C/W$
 $T_C = 137^\circ C$, Square wave, $R_{\theta JC} = 5.6^\circ C/W$
8.3ms, half sine, $T_J = 175^\circ C$
 $I_{FM} = 10A$, $T_J = 175^\circ C$ *
 $I_{FM} = 10A$, $T_J = 25^\circ C$ *
 V_{RRM} , $T_J = 125^\circ C$ *
 V_{RRM} , $T_J = 25^\circ C$
 $V_R = 5.0V$, $T_J = 25^\circ C$

*Pulse test: Pulse width 300 usec. Duty cycle 2%

Thermal and Mechanical Characteristics

Storage temp range
Operating junction temp range
Max thermal resistance per leg
Max thermal resistance per pkg.
Typical thermal resistance per leg
Typical Weight

TSTG
 T_J
 $R_{\theta JC}$
 $R_{\theta JC}$
 $R_{\theta JC}$

$-40^\circ C$ to $+ 175^\circ C$
 $-40^\circ C$ to $+ 175^\circ C$
 $5.6^\circ C/W$
 $2.8^\circ C/W$
 $4.67^\circ C/W$
.08 ounces (2.3 grams) typical

FST2050, FST2060

C

Figure 1
Typical Forward Characteristics - per leg

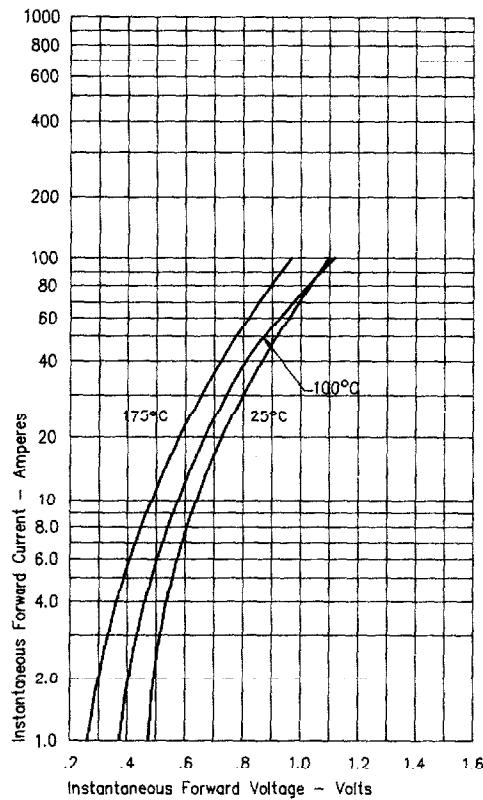


Figure 3
Typical Junction Capacitance - per leg

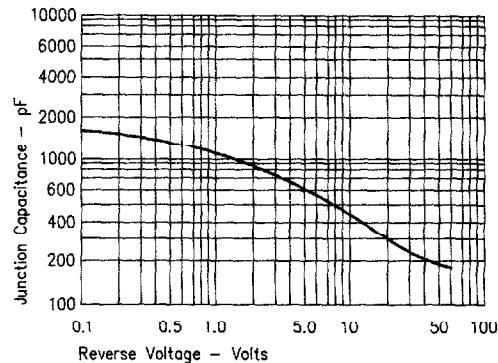


Figure 4
Forward Current Derating - per leg

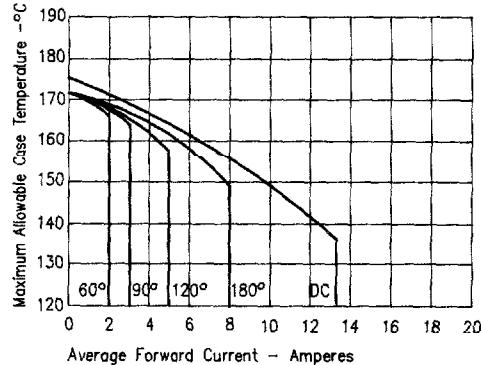


Figure 2
Typical Reverse Characteristics - per leg

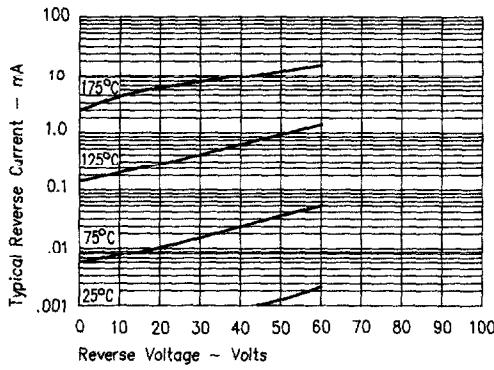


Figure 5
Maximum Forward Power Dissipation - per leg

